

The Marist Primary School		Knowledge Organiser		
Year 5, Spring 1		Key Question: How could I describe my location on Earth to someone?		
Builds on and leads to...		Enquiry/skills		
Build on... - Year 3 look at ordnance survey maps and symbols, four figure references - Year 4 use maps of USA Leads to... - Year 6 learning about lines of Cancer and Capricorn, the Poles and where Rainforests are		- To locate the worlds countries - To identify the position and significance of latitude and longitude, Equator, the Prime/ Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night). - Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.		
What will I know by the end of the unit?		Vocabulary		
- How to use the eight points of the compass. - Why lines of longitude and latitude are useful. - How to find longitude and latitude of a place. - How to use six and four figure grid references. - What contour lines are and what they tell us.	Equator	The Equator is an imaginary line around the middle of the Earth.		
	Greenwich/Prime Median	Imaginary line used to indicate 0° longitude that passes through Greenwich		
	Lines of longitude	Imaginary lines that run around the Earth vertically (up and down) which meet at the North and South Poles.		
	Lines of latitude	Imaginary lines that run parallel with the equator and measure the distance north or south of the Equator.		
	physical features	Things that are natural like seas, mountains and rivers.		
	human features	Things around us that are built by humans.		
	ordnance survey map	Detailed maps of an area of the UK showing the landscape's human and physical features.		
	contour	Contour lines are lines drawn on a map connecting points of equal elevation (height).		
	Six-figure grid reference	6 numbers which gives us an even more precise location on a map.		
Diagrams / Maps / Images				
				

