The Marist Primary School **Knowledge Organiser** Geography: Where would I prefer to live and why? Accra or London? Year 2 - Spring 1 Builds on and leads to... Enquiry/skills Human and physical geography **Builds on: Assessment** To answer the Key Question on • Learning about countries and capital Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the your cover sheet; drawing on all the cities in the UK, and the poles and information you have learned throughout the world in relation to the Equator and the North continents in Year 1 topic. Make sure that you have used the and South Poles Knowledge of maps from local studies Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: in Year 2 Autumn 1 Key physical features and weather: mountains, rivers • Leads to: Key human features, including: city, town, village, farm, house. • Better understanding of compass and Geographical skills and fieldwork direction for map work in Year 3. Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the • Understanding another culture and countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage country in Year 3 in their study of Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional Japan. language [eg, near/ far; left/right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map Use aerial photographs and maps to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features and use basic symbols in a key. What will I know by the end of the unit? Key people, places and words By the end of the unit the children will know: continent A group of countries The names of the continents and oceans of The imaginary circle around the earth that is halfway between the North and equator the world South Poles. Where Ghana is located on a world map A large area of salt water. oceans Some key physical and human features of Ghana A large natural stream of fresh water flowing toward a lake or ocean. rivers About Ghanaian culture including their flag, village A small town or community, often in the country. language, food, dance, traditions and climate. An area with streets, houses, and buildings that is larger than a village but town Similarities and differences between Ghanaian usually smaller than a city. and British schools Customs people have held over the years traditions Similarities and differences between London and A large and important town where many people live and work. city Accra landmark A point in a landscape that is used as a reference or marks a boundary. Where they would prefer to live and why - Accra or London? Features around you that have been created naturally physical features Features around you that have been created by humans human features culture A way of life for a group of people i.e. how they do things.





Diagrams / Maps / Images





