



The Marist Primary School		Knowledge Organiser		
Year 4, Summer		How do we remember the Tudors?		
What should I already know? What will I learn in later years?		Enquiry/skills		
<p>Builds on Ancient Egypt and Stone age work from Year 3 looking at chronology, religion and empire.</p> <p>Builds on Information about my local area from Year 2 Local History study expanding to include Tudor influence of Woking Palace and destruction of Newark Priory</p> <p>Leads to comparison in Year 6 of periods of British History including the reign of Elizabeth 1st</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To gain knowledge and understanding of events, people and changes in the past• To understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance• To understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, asking and answering historical questions.• To extract and interpret evidence from a range of sources, questioning reliability		
What will I know by the end of the unit?		Assessment task – Create a double page spread explaining with evidence how we remember the Tudors.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Where the Tudors fit in to the British History timeline and what else was going on in the world at this time.• How the Tudors came to power at Bosworth Field and how they held on to it for so long.• The impact of local links to the Tudors with Woking Palace, Hampton Court and Oatlands Palace and how we know.• About the Break with Rome and the power struggle this leads to– significant event for a catholic school.• How the Tudors are portrayed in images and stories and how reliable these are.	Vocabulary			
	Monarch	A leader of a country, e.g. a King or Queen.		
	Heir	The person next in line to throne who will take over when the current King or Queen dies.		
	Reign	The period of time that a monarch rules		
	Church of England	Henry VIII created the Church of England so that he could divorce his first wife. The Catholic Church did not permit divorce		
	Reformation.	The act of changing (reforming) something. In this case the reformation of the church to remove the Pope’s control		
	Pope	The head of the Roman Catholic Church.		
	Divorce	The legal end of a marriage		
	Execution	- Being put to death.		
	Treason	to betray your country or monarch.		
Beheading	A punishment which resulted in your head being chopped off with an axe. Gallows- A wooden structure where people were hung by a piece of rope around their neck.			
<div>→ 43 43—410 410—1066 793—1066 1066—1485 1485—1603 1603—1714 1714—1837 1837—1901 1901 →</div> <div>Pre-history Roman Anglo-Saxon Viking Medieval Tudor Stuart Georgian Victorian Modern</div>				
Diagrams / Maps / Images				
	This is a picture of some of the remains of Woking Palace. Henry VII, the first Tudor, acquired the Manor of Woking in 1485 when he defeated Richard III at the Battle of Bosworth Field			
Woking Palace	