

Year 6

# Creation & Covenant

## Learning Focus 1

What the poetic forms in Genesis 2 teach us about our relationship with God.

The Genesis account of Creation and Fall is not a literal scientific description, but expresses beliefs about God, the world, and human beings.

In the first account of Creation, humanity is given stewardship of other elements of Creation. The truth of the second Creation account lies in what it says about human nature and the generosity of God.

The world is in disarray because humans choose to do evil again and again. This is called original sin.

The story of Adam and Eve explains why the world is no longer as good as it was in the beginning.

In Jesus, God restored humanity's relationship with Him.

## Learning Focus 4

Laudato Si – what it means to be stewards and what happens when we get this wrong

## Learning Focus 2

The Christian belief in original sin and how Jesus restores this.

Baptism is the first sacrament of the forgiveness of sins. It unites Christians with Jesus Christ, who dies and rises, and strengthens the gifts of the Holy Spirit.

Belief in God as sustainer and source of the universe is compatible with the scientific account of the beginnings of the universe and the theory of evolution.

The Church teaches that the Nicene Creed allows all believers to make a common statement of their faith.

Catholic scientists contribute to the scientific account of the beginnings of the universe.

Many scientists are Christians and they do not see any conflict between their faith and science.

## Learning Focus 5

How the second creation account is compatible with scientific accounts of the beginnings of the universe

## Learning Focus 3

Catholic beliefs about the sacrament of baptism.

## Learning Focus 6

How Science can lead us to a deeper appreciation of God's love for all creation



## Vocabulary

creation



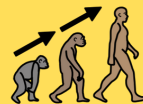
fall



Eden



evolution



baptism



salvation



Nicene creed

